Great Lake Timber failstone Pole Camp

Mike Sweeney & Peterson 1st Partners

1. bot Peterson west—when?

1. had row of wakins for workers

11. 11 Grocery Store 11. "

Made mire props

11. Tel. poles

Trike had dipping Vat (cressote)

Geological Time Chart

ERAS	PERIODS (OF TIME) or SYSTEMS (OF ROCK)	EPOCHS (OF TIME) or SERIES (OF ROCK)	APPROXIMATE TIME IN YEARS SINCE BEGINNING OF EACH	PHYSICAL & BIOLOGICAL FEATURES
CENOXOIC	QUATERNARY	RECENT	50,000	Development of modern man.
		PLEISTOCENE	1,000,000	Ice sheets over Europe and North America; appearance of early man.
	TERTIARY	PLIOCENE	12,000,000	Development of modern plants and animals; formation of moun- tains in western America.
		MIOCENE	30,000,000	Highest development of larger mammals; formation of mountains, including the Alps, Andes, and Himalayas.
		OLIGOCENE	40,000,000	Development of higher mammals.
		EOCENE (& PALEOCENE)	60,000,000	Rise to dominance of mammals; appearance of ancestral horse and primates.
	CRETACEOUS		120,000,000	Extinction of dinosaurs; development of early mammals and flowering plants; deposit of chalk beds.
	JURASSIC		155,000,000	Appearance of flying reptiles and birds; dominance of dinosaurs: appearance of primitive mammals; abundance of coniferous trees.
	TRIASSIC		190,000,000	Appearance of dinosaurs; dominance of reptiles; appearance of cycadaceous trees.
	PERMIAN		215,000,000	Development of reptiles; decline of huge plants of the Carboniferous.
	ARBONETER + LENNAME COLUM		.300,000,000	Age of coal; formation of coal beds from luxuriant plant life in warm, swampy forests; great. fernlike trees; appearance of primitive conifers; abundance of insect life; first appearance of reptiles; development of amphibians.
	7.4.58.F7	- Manakasang aw w	.350,000,000	Age of the fish; appearance of primitive amphibians; development of primitive plant life on dry continents.
) *	390,000,000	Appearance of scorpions, the first animals to live on land; extensive coral reefs.
		· 1 · · · · · · · · · · · ·	480,000,000	Floods and recessions of shallow seas; deposits of limestone, lead, and zinc ores; abundance of ma- rine invertebrate life; appearance of a few primitive, fishlike verte- brates.
		-	550,000,000	Shallow seas over much of the land; formation of sedimentary rocks; development of marine invertebrate life, including brachiopods, snails, sponges, and trilobites.
			1.200,000,000	Formation of mountains; deposits of iron ore; abundance of lime-secreting algae; appearance of sponges.
				Great volcanic activity; forma- tion of igneous rocks; some mi- eroscopic algae; probably some protozoa.